

MODALS

- Modals are helping verbs.
- They are used to convey meaning, particularly the degree of certainty of the main verb.
- Some modals have more than one meaning.

The following table shows the various meanings of each modal.

FUNCTION/ MEANING	MODAL	EXAMPLE
Ability/past ability	Can/Could	They <u>can</u> run a 10K. They <u>could</u> swim by the age of
Permission	May/Can/Could	three. You may have one cookie. They can only go out tonight if they finish their homework. Could I borrow your notes?
Requesting	Can/Could/Will/Would	Can you get the door for me? Will you join us for dinner?
Future/Intention	Will	They will move to Calgary if they get the job.
Possibility	Could/May/Might	I <u>could</u> go to Algonquin Park for my vacation. They <u>may</u> have eaten all the cake.
Recommending/Advising	Should/Ought to/Had Better	They might win the Nobel Prize this year. You should see a doctor about that. (gentle) They had better show up on time!
Deduction	Must	(strong)
Necessity/Obligation	Must/Have To/ Have Got To	They <u>must</u> have left early this morning. You <u>must</u> wear a coat today. They <u>have to</u> do the dishes tonight.
Prohibition	Must Not	You have got to stop biting your nails! (strong)

You <u>mustn't</u> smoke inside. (strong)



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FORMS

- 1. Modal (present or past modal) + base verb (i.e. the unchanged word you find in the dictionary)
- 2. Modal have + past participle [*used only for past]

Degree of Certainty

The most common modals have a degree of certainty implied when you choose to use them.

100% Certainty— **Will** She will come to see you after class.

(i.e., no doubt)

98% Impossibility – Can't/Couldn't I can't see you after class.

(i.e., very unlikely)

98% Possibility – **Can** I can see you after class. (i.e., *very* likely)

90-95% Logical Deduction – **Must** He must be stuck in traffic.

(i.e., likely deduction)

75% Expectation – **Should** She should be here any minute.

(i.e., quite possible)

50% Possibility – **Might/May/Could** I may come to the party on Friday.

(i.e., possible)



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