## Midterm Exam Formula Sheet

## Chapter 1: Numerical Computation

Distance $=$ Rate $\times$ Time
Amount $=$ Rate $\times$ Base (where Rate is in its decimal form)
Percent change $=\frac{(\text { new value }- \text { original value })}{\text { original value }} \times 100$
Percent efficiency $=\frac{\text { output }}{\text { input }} \times 100$
Percent error $=\frac{(\text { measured value-known value })}{\text { known value }} \times 100$
Percent concentration of ingredient $A=\frac{\text { amount of } A}{\text { total amount of mixture }} \times 100$

## Chapter 2: Algebra

$(a \pm b)^{2}=a^{2} \pm 2 a b+b^{2} \quad a^{2}-b^{2}=(a-b)(a+b)$

Given nonzero real numbers $x$ and $y$, and integers $m$ and :
$x^{1}=x$
$x^{0}=1$
$x^{-n}=\frac{1}{x^{n}}$
$\left(x^{m}\right)^{n}=x^{m \cdot n}$
$x^{m} \cdot x^{n}=x^{m+n}$
$\frac{x^{m}}{x^{n}}=x^{m-n}$
$(x y)^{n}=x^{n} y^{n}$
$\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{n}=\frac{x^{n}}{y^{n}}$
$\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{-n}=\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^{n}$

## Chapter 5: Graphs

slope $m=\frac{\text { rise }}{\text { run }}=\frac{y_{2}-y_{1}}{x_{2}-x_{1}}, \quad y$-intercept $=b$
Equation of line in slope-intercept form: $\quad y=m x+b$

$$
(a \pm b)^{2}=a^{2} \pm 2 a b+b^{2} \quad a^{2}-b^{2}=(a-b)(a+b)
$$

## Chapter 9: Fractions

$$
\frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{c}{d}=\frac{a c}{b d} \quad \frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d}=\frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{d}{c}=\frac{a d}{b c}
$$

## Chapter 19: Ratio, Proportion, and Variation

Direct Variation: $\quad y=k x \quad$ or $\quad \frac{y_{2}}{y_{1}}=\frac{x_{2}}{x_{1}}$
Power Variation: $y=k x^{n} \quad$ or $\frac{y_{2}}{y_{1}}=\frac{\left(x_{2}\right)^{n}}{\left(x_{1}\right)^{n}}$
Inverse Variation: $y=\frac{k}{x} \quad$ or $\quad \frac{y_{2}}{y_{1}}=\frac{x_{1}}{x_{2}}$
Joint Variation: $\quad y=k x w$

