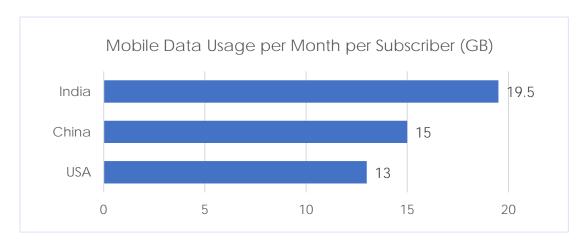


### D2M India Vision & Mission Statement

#### India Mobile Data Consumption



- Total mobile data consumed in India is expected to more than double by 2024<sup>1</sup>
- 70% of traffic is Video traffic. Video traffic is consumed more in the rural parts than in the urban parts of the country
- Consumption is primarily restricted by mobile data price, which have been steadily increasing since late 2019

#### Mission and Vision

Remove the barrier created by mobile data pricing by giving access to unlimited mobile video & data over D2M at a low price

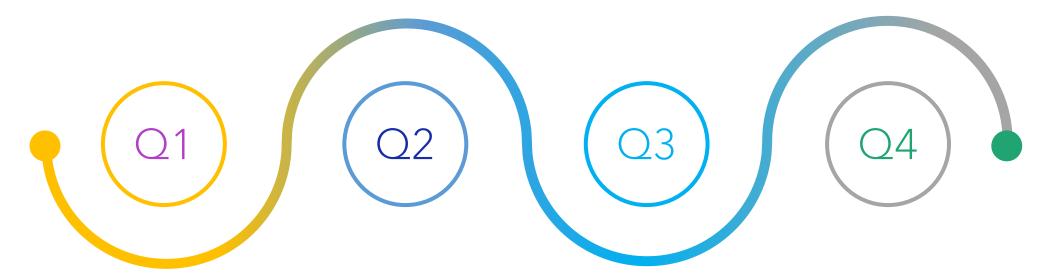
D2M as a Public-Private Service can enable direct broadcasting of video/data to mobile devices and other smart devices at a low cost thus widening accessibility and empowering citizens across India as envisioned by Prime Minister Narendra Modi

Source: 1) Nokia: India Mobile Broadband Index 2023

## 2022 India Roadmap



### 2023 India Projected Roadmap



#### **MILESTONE**

- January 26<sup>th</sup> Republic Day PoC
- TSDSI / IIT-K ATSC 3.0 transposition to India D2M Standard
- MarkONE Field Trials and Report generation
- February 16<sup>th</sup>-18th 2023 BES Expo D2M Demo

#### **MILESTONE**

- Complete PoC planning for August 15<sup>th</sup> Delhi Independence Day activity
- Formation of D2M Consortium
- DOT Spectrum Policy preservation of 526-582MHz for D2M

#### **MILESTONE**

- Delhi Field trial
  - USOF (Universal Service Obligation Fund) public services
  - Commercial participation (TCL/Tata Play)
  - Report
- TEC (Telecommunications Engineering Center)
  Adoption of D2M as India National Standard

#### **MILESTONE**

- Government approval of PPP (Public Private Partnership) formation
- IMC (India Mobile Congress) D2M Industry Engagement with MNOs and Telecom Ecosystem
  - Continuation of Delhi PoC
- 3GPP Rel 19 WIP (Work Item Plan) submission
  - US and India Core Network Interworking

### 2024 India Extended Roadmap





# What we have achieved...tremendous momentum

- Created D2M need and urgency in all major Government stakeholder departments
  - Prime Minister's Office (PM also aware)
  - Ministry of Communications (controls spectrum)
  - Ministry of Information and Broadcasting (controls Prasar Bharati)
  - Ministry of Electronics and IT
- Delhi PoC of hybrid network
- Customer pull from Tata, Hotstar, Vi and others
- Standards work: 3gpp work item and adoption of 3.0 in TSDSI
- Awareness from Qualcomm, Samsung and others
- All of this on a tight budget......

# What is the problem being addressed in India?

- Content access for 300M feature phone users through ad backed FTA
  - Access to maps to these users through Broadcast and SMS
- Opportunistic Video offload on the lines of Wi-fi offload
  - Broadcast CDN
  - High viewership event offload
  - In stadia applications
  - OTT offload
- Alerting (will be a focus for PoC)
- Public Service utility
  - Open OTT Broadcast stack
  - Remote Education
- Automotive applications
  - Maps and FoTA

# Why India?

### Massive Scale of Indian Ecosystem

• 210 Million TV Households



• 1150 Million Mobile Handsets



## Why India?

- There exists a need to develop the complete Broadcast Ecosystem
  - Not possible in US alone
- "Chips in Phones" require true market momentum not possible in US alone
  - US market dominance by present 3 players (Dish not yet a factor) prohibits
  - The nature of the India market (feature phones) allows more value as an ad supported content platform
- This forces D2M integration for global channels
- Tata is a global player than can be leveraged given existing (Tejas/Saankhya) and future (DDaaS Core development) relationship



# Vision and Mission





### Vision:

To be the leader in bringing broadcast innovations to life

#### Mission:

We innovate, create, and deploy new technologies that broaden the reach of broadcast services



